- 1. Use Lagrange multipliers to find the maximum and minimum values of f subject to the given constraint(s).
  - a)  $f(x, y, z) = x^4 + y^4 + z^4; x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$ b)  $f(x, y, z) = 8x - 4z; x^2 + 10y^2 + z^2 = 5$

**A.** Max : 1, Min :  $\frac{1}{3}$ .

A. Max : 20, Min : -20.

c) 
$$f(x, y, z) = x^2 + 2y^2 + 3z^2$$
;  $x + y + z = 1$ ,  $x - y + 2z = 2$ 



**A.** f has no maximum since f can attain sufficiently large values. f attains its minimum  $\frac{33}{23}$  at  $\frac{1}{23}(18, -6, 11)$ .

2. Evaluate the double integral by first identifying it as a the volume of a solid.

$$\iint_{R} (5-x)dA, \qquad R = \{(x,y) : 0 \le x \le 5, 0 \le y \le 3\}$$

Course Homework due Apr 2, Wed. Mar 17, Mon. : **15.5** 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 15. **15.6** 3, 5, 7, 9 Mar 19, Wed. : **15.7** 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 17, 21, 33 Mar 21, Fri. : **15.8** 5, 6, 7, 17, 19, 21, 23, 27